

Fire Risk Assessment

Victor Cazalet House

Version 2

4 December 2020



Review Date: 4 December 2021

Score: Tolerable Risk

Assessor: Richard Willingham

Contents

1 Action Plan Summary	······································
2 Executive Summary	
3 Introduction	
4 Premises Details	
5 Fire Prevention	11
6 Escape Routes & Fire Spread	
7 Detection & Warning	
8 Firefighting	
9 Lighting	
10 Signs & Notices	24
11 Fire Safety Management	
12 Tasks	
13 Risk Score	

Action Plan Summary

Task No.	. Category	Sub Category	Action Required	Priority	Status	Action Taken	Date Completed
1	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Ease of Use	Obstructions should be removed from the escape routes in the following locations:	Medium	Identified		
			2nd, 3rd and 4th floor balconies.				
2	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Construction and Glazing	Replace the damaged vision panel in the following door with glazing which will afford 30 minutes of fire resistance (integrity only):	Medium	Completed		
			Flat 13.				
3	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Fire Doors	Confirm that flat front doors, inspection of which was not possible, are to an FD30 self-closing standard:	High	Identified		
			Entrance doors to flats 5, 6, 9, 10, 13, 14 and 18				
4	Fire Prevention	Arson	Do not store combustible materials adjacent to the building.	High	Completed		
			Bin store unsecured, with the addition of a large quantity of combustible items located up against the building on the ground floor.				
5	Fire Prevention	Smoking	No Smoking signage should be provided in the communal areas.	Low	Identified		

Fire Risk Assessment Victor Cazalet House Version 2

6	Fire Prevention	Housekeeping	The storage of combustible items in communal areas is excessive and should be reduced. 3rd floor, outside flat 12.	Medium	Completed
7	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Dampers, Ducts and Chutes	Repair the refuse chute hatches in the following locations, to afford 30 minutes of fire resistance: 1st floor (jamming open) 2nd floor 3rd floor (loose from brickwork) 4th floor	Medium	Identified
8	Signs & Notices	Other Signage	Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of fire.	Medium	Identified
9	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Ease of Use	The notice board at the base of the staircase is broken and does not close securely. It was found to be open at time of inspection and could cause an obstruction to escaping persons using the staircase. This should be repaired.	Low	Completed
10	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Fire Doors	Replace the following doors with FD30 self- closing doors:	Medium	Identified
			Flat 8		

11	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Fire Doors	Replace the following doors with FD30 self-closing doors:	Medium	Identified
			Flat 12		
			Flat 8		
12	Fire Prevention	Arson	Lock bin stores to prevent unauthorised access.	Low	Identified

Executive Summary

The previous FRA for this building was reviewed prior to this inspection, paying particular attention to any tasks generated by that FRA. During this inspection these tasks were inspected where access was possible, to ascertain if the recommended remedial work had been completed, and comments regarding the progress of any remedial work made accordingly.

Records for the testing and maintenance of fire safety related systems are not kept on site. These are managed centrally and are held at the ISHA Head Office.

As expected, there is no common fire detection and alarm system, which supports the Stay Put strategy appropriate for the building.

Based on those sampled, it is reasonably assumed that all flats are provided with a BS 5839 Part 6 fire alarm system comprising of a mains powered (with integral battery backup) smoke alarm in the hallway, meeting an LD3 installation standard. This meets the minimum expectation for a flat in a purpose built, general needs, block of flats.

Based on the sample of flat entrance doors sampled, it is reasonable to assume that flat entrance doors fitted are to an FD20 (notional) standard, with no self closing devices fitted. It is detailed within this report those doors which should be replaced to ensure they afford at least an FD30SC standard of fire resistance.

These doors that were assessed and those assessed in other buildings on the St Mary's Path estate have no certification labels or plugs visible and therefore it is not possible to definitively confirm their standard of fire resistance. From an informed visual inspection only, it is unlikely that these doors would meet the required 30 minutes standard of fire resistance. Those assessed did not have working self closing devices installed. Approved Document B requires flat entrance doors with a common balcony approach which need to be passed by escaping occupants of other flats to afford at least an FD30SC standard of fire resistance. It is strongly recommended that in the first instance self closing devices are provided on the entrance doors to each flat which are essential in supporting a stay-put policy. It should then be considered to have a detailed examination of a sample of doors under test conditions to ensure they afford the required 30 minutes of fire resistance, and these doors to be replaced if they do not.

There were some obstructions/combustibles located on common balconies which should be removed and all common escape routes should be kept sterile as such.

There is a refuse chute provided, and the access hatches were found to be in a state of ill-repair and should be repaired or replaced to ensure they afford a 30 minutes standard of fire resistance.

Giving consideration to the general fire safety arrangements within the building, and the tasks recommended as detailed within this report, it is assessed that this building presents a moderate risk. This is for the most part, due to the lack of self closing devices on flat entrance doors (where required), and the standard of flat entrance doors which would not meet the required FD30SC standard of fire resistance.

VERSION 2:

The previous FRA for this building was reviewed prior to this inspection, paying particular attention to any tasks generated by that FRA. During this inspection these tasks were inspected where access was possible, to ascertain if the recommended remedial work had been completed, and comments regarding the progress of any remedial work made accordingly.

Due to current government guidelines regarding the current COVID-19 pandemic, access into flats to confirm the provision and standard of fire resisting flat entrance doors, or the provision and standard of fire alarms within flats was not possible. Inspection of flat entrance doors was made by external examination only, taking into account the age and condition of the doors, and where possible referring to previous FRAs where more detailed information regarding flat entrance doors and fire alarm provision may be found.

Records for the testing and maintenance of fire safety related systems are not kept on site. These are managed centrally and are held at the ISHA Head Office.

It was noted that there remains a number of tasks outstanding from the previous FRA which detail recommended remedial work required to ensure the safety of the building and that it is compliant with relative fire safety regulations and guidance. It is imperative that such remedial work is carried out within the recommended time frames given.

The wall, floors and stairs in the common areas are of masonry/concrete construction.

There is no Fire Action Notice provided. It is imperative that residents and visitors are given clear instructions as to the action they should take in the event of a fire.

Giving consideration to the general fire safety arrangements within the building, and the tasks recommended as detailed within this report, it is assessed that this building presents a tolerable risk.

Introduction

This report presents the significant findings of a fire risk assessment carried-out at the premises by QFSM Ltd. The scope, format and limitations of the fire risk assessment have been discussed and agreed with the client.

The scope of the assessment does not include individual dwellings. Notwithstanding any statement or recommendation made with respect to smoke/heat alarms within dwellings, it is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

The report includes an action plan which contains recommended tasks, each with a suggested due date. These due dates are only our suggestions, and may or may not be appropriate, depending on individual circumstances such as financial constraints and requirements of enforcing authorities.

The premises risk score was assessed at the time of the fire risk assessment, and a recommended review date has been provided. The actual level of risk may change over time, as a result of tasks being completed, or new risks arising. Regardless of the review date, the fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly so as to keep it up to date and particularly if:

- there is reason to suspect that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid; or
- there has been a significant change in the matters to which the fire risk assessment relates.

If you have any queries please contact QFSM Ltd at office@qfsmltd.co.uk.

Premises Details

Building Information

Address line 1	1-19 Victor Cazalet House
Address line 2	Gaskin Street
Town	Islington
Postcode	N1 2RS
FRA Type	Type 3 – Common parts and flats (non-destructive)

Description

A Type 3 fire risk assessment includes the work involved in a Type 1 fire risk assessment, but goes beyond the scope of the FSO (though not the scope of the Housing Act). This risk assessment considers the arrangements for means of escape and fire detection (ie smoke alarms) within at least a sample of the flats. Within the flats, the inspection is non-destructive, but the fire resistance of doors to rooms is considered.

Measures to prevent fire are not considered unless (eg in the case of maintenance of the electrical and heating installations) the measures are within the control of, for example, the landlord.

A Type 3 fire risk assessment may sometimes be appropriate for rented flats if there is reason to suspect serious risk to residents in the event of a fire in their flats. (This might be, for example, because of the age of the block or reason for suspicion of widespread unauthorised material alterations). This type of fire risk assessment will not be possible in the case of long leasehold flats, as there is normally no right of access for freeholders.

Client	ISHA
Use	Purpose-built, self-contained flats
Number of floors - ground and above	5
Number of flats	18

Number of stair cores	1
Approach to flats	Via balconies / decksDirect external access
Approximate period of construction	1920-1940
Is the top occupied storey over 18 metres above access level?	No

Construction details

Traditional brick construction with solid concrete intermediate floors and stairs, masonry internal walls and a flat roof. Access to common areas is via an unsecure open stairwell providing access to the open balconies above. Flats 1-2 are accessed externally at ground floor level, the reaming flats are accessed via the open balconies. Flats 4-7 are located at first floor, 8-11 at second floor, 12-15 at third floor and flats 16-19 at fourth floor level. An external refuse store is located to the bottom of the stairwell with refuse hoppers accessed off the open balcony above. An intake cupboard is accessed beneath the stairwell at ground floor level. A water tank room is located on the flat roof area accessed to the top of the stairwell.



Original brick/mortar walls.



Original brick/mortar walls



Private balconies

External wall details

Original brick/mortar walls with no external wall systems evident within the scope of this FRA.

Are there any private balconies?

Yes

Private balcony details

Concrete deck to balconies, probably a continuation of the main compartment floors. Brick/mortar upstands.

Occupants

Are there any occupants especially at risk from fire?

Not Known

Fire Prevention

Electrical

Are electrical installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Are fixed installations periodically inspected and tested?

Not Known

Are portable electrical appliances used?

No

Comments

Documentation regarding the testing and maintenance of fixed electrical installations is held centrally by ISHA. The Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed these are all up to date.

Gas

Are gas installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Is gas equipment protected/located so as not to be prone to accidental damage?

Yes

Comments

Gas pipe work in good condition and appropriately labelled. Gas meters located in bespoke external cabinets.



Gas pipe work in good condition and appropriately labelled

Heating	
Are fixed heating installations free from any obvious defect?	N/A
Are portable heaters used?	No
Comments	
There is no heating provision in the common areas.	
Cooking	
Does cooking take place on the premises?	No
Comments Cooking takes place within flats only and does not take place in the common part	ts.
Arson	
Is security against arson reasonable?	No
Is there a reasonable absence of external fuels and ignition sources?	No
Comments	
The bin store is unsecured	
CCTV cameras are installed externally. Whilst these cameras may have been installed the risk of deliberate fire setting.	stalled for security purposes they also serve to
Housekeeping	
Is accumulation of combustibles or waste avoided?	Yes
Are there appropriate storage facilities for combustible & hazardous materials?	N/A

Building Works	
Are there any hot works being carried-out at this time?	No
Are the premises free of any obvious signs of incorrect hot work procedures in the past?	Yes
Smoking	
Are there suitable arrangements taken to prevent fires caused by smoking?	No
Comments	
Whilst no "No Smoking" signage is provided, there was no evidence of smok building. However, "No Smoking" signage should be provided in common parts	
Dangerous Substances	
Are dangerous substances present, or liable to be present?	No
Lightning	
Is a lightning protection system installed?	
is a rightning protection system instance:	

No

Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Ease of Use

Are exits easily and immediately openable?	Yes
Do fire exits open in direction of escape where necessary?	N/A
Are escape routes unobstructed and safe to use?	No
Are there reasonable measures for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

Comments

Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of the public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

There is a significant number of items located in the common areas, which may present an obstruction/trip hazard for escaping occupants in the event of a fire. These areas should be monitored and kept free of obstructions at all times.

The notice board at the base of the staircase is broken and does not close securely. It was found to be open at time of inspection and could cause an obstruction to escaping persons using the staircase. This should be repaired.

Dimensions

Are travel distances reasonable?	Yes
Is there sufficient exit capacity?	Yes

Fire Doors

Doors which are expected to be fire resisting:	• Electrical Cupboards • Flats
Electrical Cupboard Doors	• FD30
Flat Doors	• FD20 (notional)
Are fire doors to a suitable standard?	Minor Defects
Is there suitable provision of self-closing devices?	No
Is there suitable provision of hold-open devices?	N/A
Are doors kept locked where appropriate?	Yes

Comments

Flats have either direct access, or are approached via common balconies.

Entrance doors to flats which have direct external access, and flats which are at the far end of balconies (and therefore would not need to be passed by escaping occupants of other flats in the event of a fire) are not required to be fire resisting. The remainder (the entrance doors to flats 5, 6, 9, 10, 13, 14, 17 and 18) should afford at least an FD30SC standard of fire resistance.

As part of this Fire Risk Assessment, access was gained into a sample flat to assess the suitability of flat entrance doors, and any internal doors which open onto the entrance hallway. Access was gained into flat 17 which has an entrance door fitted which would probably afford a FD20 (notional) standard, and the internal doors which open onto the entrance hallway are not fire resisting. There was no self closing device fitted to this door.

The remainder of flat front doors within the building could not be assessed due to access. However, these all appear to be of the same age, condition and design of that which was accessed and were probably all installed at the same time. It is therefore reasonable to assume that they are of the same fire resisting standard.

The provision and condition of self closing devices and effective door closing action of these doors however could not be assessed and this should be confirmed to ensure all doors afford at least an FD30 SC standard of fire resistance.

There is damage to the doors to flats 8 and 12 which, although a temporary repair has been made, would undoubtedly affect their fire resistance. However, these doors are located at the end of their respective balconies and therefore are not required to be fire resisting, although it is always good practice to ensure all flat entrance doors are in a good state of repair.

The flat entrance doors assessed in this building and those assessed in other buildings on the St Mary's Path estate have no certification labels or plugs visible and therefore it is not possible to definitively confirm their standard of fire resistance. From an informed visual inspection only, it is unlikely that these doors would meet the required 30 minutes standard of fire resistance. Those assessed did not have working self closing devices installed. Approved Document B requires flat entrance doors with a common balcony approach which need to be passed by escaping occupants of other flats to afford at least an FD30SC standard of fire resistance. It is strongly recommended that in the first instance self closing devices are provided on the entrance doors to each flat which are essential in supporting a stay-put policy. It should then be considered to have a detailed examination of a sample of doors under test conditions to ensure they afford the required 30 minutes of fire resistance, and these doors to be replaced if they do not.

VERSION 2:

In general, the common escape routes from individual flats (common balcony approach), satisfy the recommendations of Clause 7.3 and Diagram 5(b) of British Standard 9991 (2015), with the exception of the recommended fire resisting standard of fire resisting flat entrance doors (FEDs).

Clause 7.3 recommends FEDs provide an FD30SC standard of fire resistance. However, it is noted that this building was constructed before this British Standard was produced and therefore unreasonable to expect the building to meet all its recommendations.

LGA Publication, Fire Safety in Purpose Built Blocks of Flats, offers acceptable benchmarks for blocks of flats that do not meet the current design requirements for means of escape. It recognises that it will not be practicable to test existing doors to confirm their actual fire resistance.

Following visual examination of the doors provided in this building it is reasonable to assume that they are of the design and type that satisfied the standard applicable at the time of their installation, they are in sound condition and have a good fit in their frames (aside from any that are individually identified within this report) and therefore can be considered to afford and FD30 (Notional) standard of fire resistance. It should be ensured that all flat entrance doors are provided with a positive action self closing device to afford at least an FD30SC (notional) standard of fire resistance.

Whilst it is acknowledge that the FEDs may provide an acceptable notional standard of fire resistance, given the age of FEDs provided, it is recommended to consider upgrading all FEDs to those meeting current standards, should any major refurbishment work be planned for the building in the future.

Construction & Glazing

Are escape routes protected with suitable walls and floors?

Yes

Is there adequate compartmentation?

Yes

Is there reasonable limitation of linings that might promote fire spread?

Yes

Glazing which is expected to be fire resisting, inc vision panels and fanlights:

• Flats

Flats Glazing

• Georgian wired

Is glazing reasonable and free from any obvious defects?

Yes

Comments

Vision panels in flat entrance doors are Georgian wired.

Fanlights and glazing to flat windows are above 1.1m and therefore are not required to be fire resisting.

Dampers, Ducts & Chutes

Are there suitable measures to restrict fire spread via ducts and concealed spaces?



Comments

There is a rubbish chute provided serving all floors, however, it is in a state of ill repair. The hatch on the 4th floor is rusted and does not close completely. Other hatches are cracked and loose from the brickwork. These should be serviced and repaired accordingly.



Example of rubbish chute hatch in need of repair.

Smoke Ventilation

Areas where smoke ventilation is expected:	• Staircases
Staircases	• Permanently Open
Is smoke ventilation reasonable and free from any obvious defects?	Yes

Detection & Warning

Control Equipment

Is an electrical fire alarm system expected?	No	
Why not?	Purpose-built flats	
Is a fire detection and/or alarm system provided?	No	
Is the control equipment suitably located?	N/A	
Is the control equipment free from any obvious fault or defect?	N/A	
Manual Fire Alarms		
Are there sufficient means of manually raising an alarm?	N/A	
Are manual callpoints appropriately located and free from obvious defect?	N/A	
Automatic Fire Detection		
Is there sufficient provision of automatic fire detection?	N/A	
Is the type of automatic fire detection suitable and free from obvious defect?	N/A	

Comments

Although outside of the scope of the FSO, access was gained into a sample flat to assess the provision and suitability of fire alarms.

Access was gained into flat 17 which has a fire alarm provided to BS5839-6 LD3 standard.

It is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

Audibility

Are	there	adequate	means	of	alerting	a11	relevant	persons?
1110	uicic	aacquate	means	OI	arer till 5	un	1010 valit	persons.

N/A

Firefighting

Fire Extinguishers

Are fire extinguishers expected?	No
Why not?	 Not practicable to train residents Fire unlikely in communal areas Vandalism concerns
Are fire extinguishers provided?	No
Is the provision of fire extinguishers reasonable?	Yes
Fixed Systems	
Are any fixed systems provided?	No
Is provision of fixed systems reasonable?	Yes

Fire Service Facilities

Are any fire service facilities provided?

Types of facility

• Fire fighting lift

Yes

Yes

Comments

The firefighting lift control was not tested during this inspection, however, ISHA and the Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed all testing and maintenance of fire safety measures is up to date.



Firefighters switch to lift (not tested during this inspection)

Lighting

Normal Lighting

Is there adequate lighting of internal escape routes?	Yes
Is there adequate lighting of external escape routes?	Yes
Is there adequate lighting in risk critical areas?	N/A
Emergency Lighting	
Method of emergency lighting of internal escape routes:	Borrowed lightMaintained emergency lighting (local)
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of external escape routes:	Borrowed light
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of other areas:	Not applicable
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes

Comments

Although this inspection took place during daylight hours, given the provision of street lighting in the immediate vicinity and lighting provided by surrounding buildings, it is reasonable to assume there would be sufficient borrowed light to aid escape in these areas.

Signs & Notices

Escape Routes

Is escape route signage necessary?	No
Why not?	Simple escape routesRoutes in ordinary use
Is escape route signage provided?	No
Is provision of escape route signage suitable?	Yes
Fire Doors	
Is there signage suitable for self-closing fire doors?	N/A
Is there signage suitable for locked fire doors?	Yes
Is there signage suitable for automatic fire doors?	N/A
Other Signs & Notices	
Is there suitable signage for fire service facilities?	N/A
Are fire action notices suitable?	No
Are there suitable notices for fire extinguishers?	N/A
Is there suitable zone information for the fire alarm system?	N/A
Comments Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of a fire	
Urayida tira action naticas which contirm the action to take in the event of a fire	

Fire Safety Management

Procedures & Arrangements

Current evacuation policy	Stay Put
Are fire action procedures suitable and appropriately documented?	Not Known
Are there suitable arrangements for calling the fire service?	N/A
Is there a suitable fire assembly point?	N/A
Are there suitable arrangements for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

Comments

These are general needs flats and as such no specific occupancy risk is identified. Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

Training & Drills

Are staff regularly on the premises?	No
Are employees from outside organisations given appropriate fire safety information?	No

Comments

A provided Fire Action notice would give sufficient information to inform persons of outside organisations of the action to take in the event of a fire.

Testing & Maintenance

Was testing & maintenance information available?	No
Are fire extinguishers subject to suitable test & maintenance?	N/A

Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

Fire Risk Assessment Victor Cazalet House Version 2

Record Keeping

Were fire safety records available?	No
	140

Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

Tasks

Task 1

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Ease of Use

Action Required Obstructions should be removed from the escape routes in

the following locations:

2nd, 3rd and 4th floor balconies.

Priority Medium

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 6 January 2021





Task 2

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Construction and Glazing

Action Required Replace the damaged vision panel in the following door

with glazing which will afford 30 minutes of fire resistance

(integrity only):

Flat 13.

Priority Medium

Status Completed

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 6 January 2021





Change Log

10/12/2020 12:52:28 RichardWillingham Status changed from Identified to Completed

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Fire Doors

Action Required Confirm that flat front doors, inspection of which was not

possible, are to an FD30 self-closing standard:

Entrance doors to flats 5, 6, 9, 10, 13, 14 and 18

Priority High

Status Identified

Due Date 8 July 2020

Task 4

Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Arson

Action Required Do not store combustible materials adjacent to the

building.

Bin store unsecured, with the addition of a large quantity of combustible items located up against the building on the

ground floor.

Priority High

Status Completed

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 8 July 2020

Change Log

10/12/2020 12:52:28 RichardWillingham Status changed from Identified to Completed

Task 5

Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Smoking

Action Required No Smoking signage should be provided in the communal

areas.

Priority Low

Status Identified

Due Date 6 January 2022

Fire Risk Assessment Victor Cazalet House

Version 2 Page 28 of 32





Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention
Sub Category Housekeeping

Action Required The storage of combustible items in communal areas is

excessive and should be reduced.

3rd floor, outside flat 12.

Priority Medium

Status Completed

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 6 January 2021



10/12/2020 12:52:28 RichardWillingham Status changed from Identified to Completed

Task 7

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Dampers, Ducts and Chutes

Action Required Repair the refuse chute hatches in the following locations,

to afford 30 minutes of fire resistance:

1st floor (jamming open)

2nd floor

3rd floor (loose from brickwork)

4th floor

Priority Medium
Status Identified

Due Date 6 January 2021





Task 8

Source Version 1

Category Signs & Notices
Sub Category Other Signage

Action Required Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take

in the event of fire.

Priority Medium Status Identified

Due Date 6 January 2021

Fire Risk Assessment Victor Cazalet House

Version 2 Page 29 of 32

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Ease of Use

Action Required The notice board at the base of the staircase is broken and

does not close securely. It was found to be open at time of inspection and could cause an obstruction to escaping persons using the staircase. This should be repaired.

Priority Low

Status Completed

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 6 January 2022



10/12/2020 12:52:28 RichardWillingham Status changed from Identified to Completed

Task 10

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Fire Doors

Action Required Replace the following doors with FD30 self-closing doors:

Flat 12

Flat 8

Priority Medium
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 6 January 2021









Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Fire Doors

Action Required Replace the following doors with FD30 self-closing doors:

Flat 12

Flat 8

Priority Medium

Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 6 January 2021



Task 12

Source Version 2

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Arson

Action Required Lock bin stores to prevent unauthorised access.

Priority Low

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 4 December 2021

Risk Score

Risk Score

Tolerable Risk

Next Assessment Due

4 December 2021

Likelihood	Potential Consequence		
	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm
High	Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable
Medium	Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial
Low	Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate

Likelihood

Low Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Medium Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards

generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in

significant increase in likelihood of fire.

Consequence

Slight Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an

occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).

Moderate Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more

occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.

Extreme Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.