

# Fire Risk Assessment 31 Davenant Road

Version 3

7 November 2023



Review Date: 7 November 2024 Score: Tolerable Risk Assessor: Mark Thomas

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## **Action Plan Summary**

Task No	o. Category	Sub Category	Action Required	Priority	Status	Action Taken	Date Completed
1	Signs & Notices	Other Signage	Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of fire.	Medium	Identified		
2	Fire Prevention	Housekeeping	There was a significant volume of combustible materials found in the entrance hallway which should be removed.	Medium	Identified		
3	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Ease of Use	A bicycle and other obstructions we are located in the entrance hallway directly outside of flat A. These should be removed to ensure the escape routes are clear from both flats.	Medium	Identified		

## Introduction

This report presents the significant findings of a fire risk assessment carried-out at the premises by QFSM Ltd. The scope, format and limitations of the fire risk assessment have been discussed and agreed with the client.

The scope of the assessment does not include individual dwellings. Notwithstanding any statement or recommendation made with respect to smoke/heat alarms within dwellings, it is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

The report includes an action plan which contains recommended tasks, each with a suggested due date. These due dates are only our suggestions, and may or may not be appropriate, depending on individual circumstances such as financial constraints and requirements of enforcing authorities.

The premises risk score was assessed at the time of the fire risk assessment, and a recommended review date has been provided. The actual level of risk may change over time, as a result of tasks being completed, or new risks arising. Regardless of the review date, the fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly so as to keep it up to date and particularly if:

• there is reason to suspect that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid; or

• there has been a significant change in the matters to which the fire risk assessment relates.

If you have any queries please contact QFSM Ltd at office@qfsmltd.co.uk.

# **Executive Summary**

The previous FRA for this building was reviewed prior to this inspection, paying particular attention to any tasks generated by that FRA. During this inspection these tasks were inspected where access was possible, to ascertain if the recommended remedial work had been completed, and comments regarding the progress of any remedial work made accordingly.

It was noted that tasks from the previous FRA, particularly he provision of fire alarms within flats has been completed.

Records for the testing and maintenance of fire safety related systems are not kept on site. These are managed centrally and are held at the ISHA Head Office.

The standard of housekeeping throughout the building was found to be unsatisfactory, with the exception of an unacceptable amount of combustible items and obstructions located in entrance hallway.

There is no Fire Action Notice provided. It is imperative that residents and visitors are given clear instructions as to the action they should take in the event of a fire.

This building was originally a single private dwelling converted at some point, probably before the 1980's, to form separate flats. The building regulation standards in use today were not introduced until 1993, however, some of the principles within the early editions of ADB have been applied and generally the building meets the current guidance. However, a BS5839 Part 6 fire alarm system has been installed in the common parts which prompts Simultaneous Evacuation rather than the more common approach of Stay Put. The Simultaneous Evacuation philosophy is not incorrect, but requires management consideration. If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA and confirmation that compartmentation in the building is adequate to support a stay put strategy, then a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put strategy. If the decision is made to continue to provide a common fire alarm then it should be made clear that the current fire alarm provision is not suitable and it is recommended that it is upgraded to the recommendations of LACoRS guidance for fire detection and alarm systems for a 3 storey building converted into self-contained flats

Giving consideration to the general fire safety arrangements within the building, and the tasks recommended as detailed within this report, it is assessed that this building presents a tolerable risk.

This new version was created on 07/11/2023 and is not a review of the fire risk assessment. This is purely an on-site audit carried out at the request of the client to ascertain the progress of any action carried out against previous tasks identified in previous versions of this fire risk assessment.

# **Premises Details**

Address line 1	Flats A and B
Address line 2	31 Davenant Road
Town	Islington
Postcode	N19 3NW
FRA Type	Type 3 – Common parts and flats (non- destructive)

Description

A Type 3 fire risk assessment includes the work involved in a Type 1 fire risk assessment, but goes beyond the scope of the FSO (though not the scope of the Housing Act). This risk assessment considers the arrangements for means of escape and fire detection (ie smoke alarms) within at least a sample of the flats. Within the flats, the inspection is non-destructive, but the fire resistance of doors to rooms is considered.

Measures to prevent fire are not considered unless (eg in the case of maintenance of the electrical and heating installations) the measures are within the control of, for example, the landlord.

A Type 3 fire risk assessment may sometimes be appropriate for rented flats if there is reason to suspect serious risk to residents in the event of a fire in their flats. (This might be, for example, because of the age of the block or reason for suspicion of widespread unauthorised material alterations). This type of fire risk assessment will not be possible in the case of long leasehold flats, as there is normally no right of access for freeholders.

Client

ISHA

Occupier

Occupant of Flat A

### **Building Information**

Use	Converted, self-contained flats
Number of floors - ground and above	3
Number of floors - below ground	0
Number of flats	2
Number of stair cores	0
Approach to flats	• Via protected lobbies / corridors
Approximate period of construction	1920-1940
Is the top occupied storey over 18 metres above access level?	No
Construction details	

#### Construction details

Traditional masonry and timber construction under a pitched, tiled, roof.



Brick/mortar construction of external walls with rendered surface to ground floor.

#### External wall details

The external walls are of a brick and mortar construction with a rendered surface applied to the ground floor. It is reasonable to assume that this rendered surface is applied directly onto the original brick walls and no additional substrate has been installed. However this could not be confirmed within the scope of this fire risk assessment.

Are there any private balconies?

No

## People

Are there any people especially at risk from fire?

Not Known

#### Comments

The common area consists of an entrance hallway only, from where the two flats are accessed. Flat A is a ground floor only flat. Flat B is a maisonette accessed from the ground floor.

# **Fire Prevention**

### Electrical

Are electrical installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?	Yes
Are fixed installations periodically inspected and tested?	Not Known
Are portable electrical appliances used?	No

#### Comments

There are no power outlets in the common area. The electrical installation was last inspected in December 2017.



### Gas

Are gas installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?	N/A
Is gas equipment protected/located so as not to be prone to accidental damage?	N/A
Comments	
There is no gas supply or appliances in the common area.	

The two gas meters are located externally on the front elevation of the building.



## Heating

U	
Are fixed heating installations free from any obvious defect?	N/A
Are portable heaters used?	No
Comments	
There is no heating provision in the common areas.	
Cooking	
Does cooking take place on the premises?	No
Comments	
Cooking takes place within the flats only, not in the common area.	
Arson	
Is security against arson reasonable?	Yes
Is there a reasonable absence of external fuels and ignition sources?	Yes
Comments	
The main entrance door is kept locked shut.	
Housekeeping	
Is accumulation of combustibles or waste avoided?	Yes
Are there appropriate storage facilities for combustible & hazardous materials?	N/A
Comments	
There was a significant volume of combustible materials found in the entrance h	allway which should be removed.
Building Works	
Are there any hot works being carried-out at this time?	

Are there any hot works being carried-out at this time?	No
Are the premises free of any obvious signs of incorrect hot work procedures in the past?	Yes

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## Smoking

Are there suitable arrangements taken to prevent fires caused by smoking?

Yes

#### Comments

'No Smoking' signage is displayed. There was no evidence to suggest this rule is not observed.



Dangerous Substances

Are dangerous substances present, or liable to be present?

## Lightning

Is a lightning protection system installed?

No

No

# **Escape Routes & Fire Spread**

## Ease of Use



The main entrance door does not require the use of a key to escape.

A bicycle and other obstructions we are located in the entrance hallway directly outside of flat A. These should be removed to ensure the escape routes are clear from both flats.



Main entrance door lock can be opened from the inside without a key.

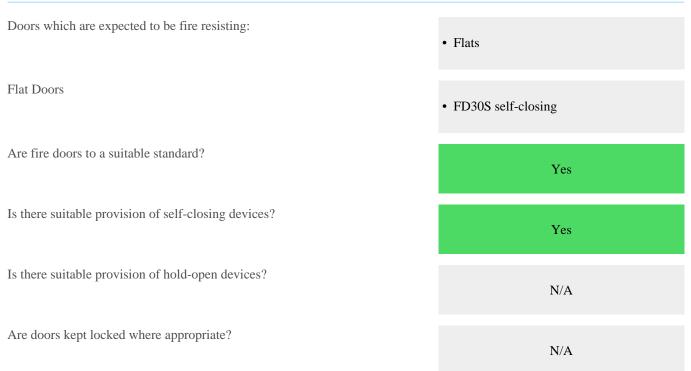
Dimensions

Are travel distances reasonable?

Is there sufficient exit capacity?

Yes
Yes

### **Fire Doors**



#### Comments

It is understood that communal doors are inspected regularly by neighbourhood officers and formally recorded in the quarterly/6 monthly estate inspections with residents. Records are held with the neighbourhood officers. Flat entrance doors are inspected during the annual LGSR visits where the gas engineers record on their PDA if a door closer exists and intumescent strips and cold smoke seals exist.



Both flat entrance doors appear to be the same construction.



Intumescent strips and cold smoke seals on entrance door to Flat A.



Concealed door jamb closer on entrance door to Flat A.

## Construction & Glazing

Are escape routes protected with suitable walls and floors?	Yes
Is there adequate compartmentation?	Yes
Is there reasonable limitation of linings that might promote fire spread?	Yes
Glazing which is expected to be fire resisting, inc vision panels and fanlights:	• None
Is glazing reasonable and free from any obvious defects?	Yes
Comments	
Comments There is no glazing on the escape route required to be fire resisting.	
There is no glazing on the escape route required to be fire resisting.	Not Confirmed
There is no glazing on the escape route required to be fire resisting.           Dampers, Ducts & Chutes           Are there suitable measures to restrict fire spread via ducts and concealed	Not Confirmed
There is no glazing on the escape route required to be fire resisting. Dampers, Ducts & Chutes Are there suitable measures to restrict fire spread via ducts and concealed spaces?	Not Confirmed

# **Detection & Warning**

Is an electrical fire alarm system expected?	No
Why not?	Converted flats of stay-put standard
Is a fire detection and/or alarm system provided?	Yes
Areas covered	<ul><li>Flats</li><li>Communal areas</li></ul>
Flats	
System Category	• BS 5839 Pt6 Grade D Category LD2
Cause & Effect	• Sounds alarm in flat of origin
Communal Areas	
System Category	• BS 5839 Pt6 Grade D Category LD3
Cause & Effect	• Not confirmed
Control Equipment	
Is the control equipment suitably located?	N/A
Is the control equipment free from any obvious fault or defect?	N/A

### Manual Fire Alarms

Are there sufficient means of manually raising an alarm?	N/A
Are manual callpoints appropriately located and free from obvious defect?	N/A
Automatic Fire Detection	
Is there sufficient provision of automatic fire detection?	Minor Defects
Is the type of automatic fire detection suitable and free from obvious defect?	Minor Defects

#### Comments

As a part of this Type 3 Fire Risk Assessment, Flat A was sampled and is provided with a fire detection and alarm system commensurate with the recommendations of BS 5839 Part 6 Grade D comprising of an interlinked smoke alarms in the two hallways and habitable rooms and a combined smoke/heat alarm in the kitchen.

This system would be the recommended provision within the flats, however a BS5839-6 Grade D Smoke detector has been installed in the entrance hallway. It cannot be confirmed whether this detector interlinked with those installed within flats. This suggests that a simultaneous evacuation strategy has been put in place in this building, this being the case it should be confirmed that this system meets the LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system recommendations; for a three-or four-storey building converted into self-contained flats, which is:

#### A mixed system

• Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and

• Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (non-interlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat

(This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as given in LACoRS)



Smoke alarm in flat entrance hall.

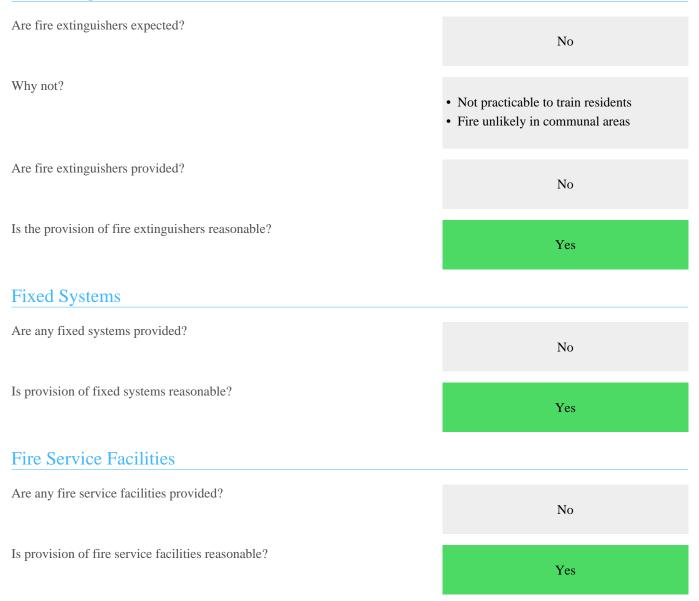
### Audibility

Are there adequate means of alerting all relevant persons?

Yes

# Firefighting

## Fire Extinguishers



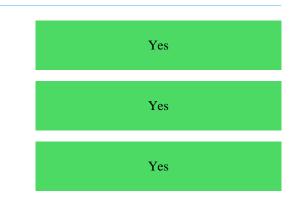
# Lighting

## Normal Lighting

Is there adequate lighting of internal escape routes?

Is there adequate lighting of external escape routes?

Is there adequate lighting in risk critical areas?





External porch light with PIR.

## **Emergency Lighting**

Method of emergency lighting of internal escape routes:	• Non-maintained emergency lighting (local)
Is this provision reasonable?	Minor Defects
Method of emergency lighting of external escape routes:	• Borrowed light
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of other areas:	• None
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes

#### Comments

Although this inspection took place during daylight hours, given the provision of street lighting in the immediate vicinity and lighting provided by surrounding buildings, it is reasonable to assume there would be sufficient borrowed light to aid escape in these areas.



Non-maintained emergency light unit

# Signs & Notices

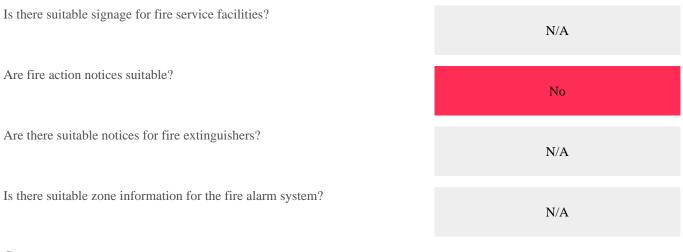
### **Escape Routes**

Is escape route signage necessary?	No	
Why not?	<ul><li>Simple escape routes</li><li>Routes in ordinary use</li></ul>	
Is escape route signage provided?	No	
Is provision of escape route signage suitable?	Yes	
Fire Doors		
Is there signage suitable for self-closing fire doors?	N/A	
Is there signage suitable for locked fire doors?	N/A	
Is there signage suitable for automatic fire doors?	N/A	

#### Comments

It is not necessary to provide 'Fire Door Keep Shut' signage on flat entrance doors.

### **Other Signs & Notices**



#### Comments

Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of a fire.

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# **Fire Safety Management**

### Procedures & Arrangements

Current evacuation policy	Undefined		
Further details			
The intention of the Part 6 smoke alarm in the entrance hall serving the flats cou was unsure if the device was linked to those within their flat.	uld not be confirmed. The occupant of Flat A		
Are fire action procedures suitable and appropriately documented?	No		
Are there suitable arrangements for calling the fire service?	Yes		
Is there a suitable fire assembly point?	N/A		
Are there suitable arrangements for the evacuation of disabled people?	N/A		
Comments			
A Fire Action notice is not provided.			
Training & Drills			
Are staff regularly on the premises?	No		
Are employees from outside organisations given appropriate fire safety information?	Not Known		
Testing & Maintenance			
Was testing & maintenance information available?	No		
Are fire extinguishers subject to suitable test & maintenance?	N/A		

#### Comments

Testing and maintenance records are assumed to be held centrally by Islington & Shoreditch Housing Association Ltd.

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## Record Keeping

Were fire safety records available?

Comments

Records are assumed to be held centrally by Islington & Shoreditch Housing Association Ltd.

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# Tasks

## Task 1

Source Version	1
Category	Signs & Notices
Sub Category	Other Signage
Action Required	Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of fire.
Priority	Medium
Status	Identified
Owner	Neighbourhood Services
Due Date	5 February 2019



## Task 2

Source Version	2	
Category	Fire Prevention	
Sub Category	Housekeeping	
Action Required	There was a significant volume of combustible materials found in the entrance hallway which should be removed.	TOPTS C
Priority	Medium	
Status	Identified	
Owner	Neighbourhood Services	
Due Date	21 July 2021	

## Task 3

Source Version	2	
Category	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	
Sub Category	Ease of Use	
Action Required	A bicycle and other obstructions we are located in the entrance hallway directly outside of flat A. These should be removed to ensure the escape routes are clear from both flats.	
Priority	Medium	
Status	Identified	
Owner	Neighbourhood Services	
Due Date	21 July 2021	

# **Risk Score**

Risk Score

Next Assessment Due

### Tolerable Risk

#### 7 November 2024

Likelihood		Potential Consequence		
		Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm
High		Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable
Medium		Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial
Low		Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate
Likelihood				
Low	Unusual	Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.		
Medium		Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).		
High		Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in significant increase in likelihood of fire.		
Consequence				
Slight	Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).			
Moderate		utbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more ecupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.		
Extreme	Significa	nificant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.		