

## Fire Risk Assessment 31 Hillmarton Road

Version 2



Review Date: 12 October 2024

Score: Moderate Risk

Assessor: Andy Harris

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# **Action Plan Summary**

Task No.	Category	Sub Category	Action Required	Priority	Status	Action Taken	Date Completed
1	Fire Prevention	Gas	Gas meters are located externally and not in any common areas. These are situated in bespoke cabinets however these are damaged and it is advised to repair these to prevent damage to the gas installations.  12/10/2023 This task remains outstanding.	Advisory	Identified		
2	Fire Prevention	Housekeeping	The storage of combustible items in escape routes should be prohibited.  There was a significant volume of combustible materials found in the common parts, on all floors which should be removed.  12/10/2023 This task remains outstanding.	High	Identified		
3	Fire Prevention	Smoking	No Smoking signage should be provided in the communal areas.  12/10/2023 This task remains outstanding.	Medium	Identified		

4 Escape Routes & Ease of Use Fire Spread

Obstructions should be removed from the escape routes in the following locations:

High Identified

A large amount of items are located on all floors of the common area, which may present a significant obstruction to persons escaping in the event of a fire.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Automatic Fire Detection

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy.

If the decision is made to maintain the current simultaneous evacuation policy then it is recommended that the fire alarm is upgraded to the LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system recommendations; Three-or four-storey building converted into self-contained flats, which is:

#### A mixed system

- Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and
- Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (noninterlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat (This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as given in LACoRS)

#### 12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

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# Identified

Advisory

6 Signs & Notices Other Signage Provide fire action notices which confirm the Medium Identified action to take in the event of fire.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

## Introduction

This report presents the significant findings of a fire risk assessment carried-out at the premises by QFSM Ltd. The scope, format and limitations of the fire risk assessment have been discussed and agreed with the client.

The scope of the assessment does not include individual dwellings. Notwithstanding any statement or recommendation made with respect to smoke/heat alarms within dwellings, it is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

The report includes an action plan which contains recommended tasks, each with a suggested due date. These due dates are only our suggestions, and may or may not be appropriate, depending on individual circumstances such as financial constraints and requirements of enforcing authorities.

The premises risk score was assessed at the time of the fire risk assessment, and a recommended review date has been provided. The actual level of risk may change over time, as a result of tasks being completed, or new risks arising. Regardless of the review date, the fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly so as to keep it up to date and particularly if:

- there is reason to suspect that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid; or
- there has been a significant change in the matters to which the fire risk assessment relates.

If you have any queries please contact QFSM Ltd at office@qfsmltd.co.uk.

## **Executive Summary**

The previous FRA for this building (FFT) was reviewed prior to this inspection, paying particular attention to any tasks generated by that FRA. During this inspection these tasks were inspected where access was possible, to ascertain if the recommended remedial work had been completed, and comments regarding the progress of any remedial work made accordingly.

Records for the testing and maintenance of fire safety related systems are not kept on site. These are managed centrally and are held at the ISHA Head Office.

There is an unacceptable amount of items in the common escape route which not only increase the risk of fire development, but also may present an obstruction to escaping persons in the event of a fire. These should be removed.

This building was originally a single private dwelling converted at some point, probably before the 1980's, to form separate flats. The building regulation standards in use today were not introduced until 1991, however, some of the principles within the early editions of ADB have been applied and generally the building meets the current guidance with the exception of smoke ventilation within the staircase.

However, a BS5839 Part 1 fire alarm system has been installed throughout the whole building including within the flats which prompts Simultaneous Evacuation rather than the more common approach of Stay Put. The Simultaneous Evacuation philosophy is not incorrect, but requires management consideration.

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy. If this approach is adopted then it is recommended that a BS5839-6 Category LD1 system is provided within each flat which will enhance the fire safety protection of residents. For clarity this change should also include Part 6 detection within the common areas as per the guidance for this type of premises contained in the LaCORS Guide.

There is no Fire Action Notice provided. It is imperative that residents and visitors are given clear instructions as to the action they should take in the event of a fire.

Giving consideration to the general fire safety arrangements within the building, and the tasks recommended as detailed within this report, it is assessed that this building presents a moderate risk. This is in the most part due to the unacceptable amount of obstructions and combustible items in the common escape route.

This new version was created on 12/10/2023 and is not a review of the fire risk assessment. This is purely an on-site audit carried out at the request of the client to ascertain the progress of any action carried out against previous tasks identified in previous versions of this fire risk assessment.

# **Premises Details**

Client

Address line 1	31 Hillmarton Road	
Town	Islington	
Postcode	N7 9JE	
FRA Type	Type 1 - Common parts only (non-destructive)	
Description		
A Type 1 fire risk assessment has been conducted at this building. This means the inspection of the building has been non-destructive. As well as considering the arrangements for means of escape, the fire risk assessment has included, where possible, the examination of a sample of flat entrance doors. It has also considered, so far as reasonably practicable, the separating construction between the flats and the common parts without any intrusive examination of construction. This Type of fire risk assessment has not involved entry to flats beyond the area of the flat entrance door.		

Fire Risk Assessment 31 Hillmarton Road Version 2 ISHA

## **Building Information**

Use	Converted, self-contained flats
Number of floors - ground and above	3
Number of floors - below ground	1
Number of flats	3
Number of stair cores	1
Approach to flats	<ul><li>Direct from stair</li><li>Entrance hallway</li></ul>
Approximate period of construction	Pre 1900
Is the top occupied storey over 18 metres above access level?	No
Construction details	
Traditional brick construction with intermediate timber floors and a covered pitch	hed roof.
Access to common area via secure door entry system with flats accessed directly	from the stairwell at each floor level.
Flat A has direct external access and appears to cover the basement level.	
Electrical cupboard located at ground floor level.	
Gas meters located externally.	
External wall details	
Brick external walls.	
Are there any private balconies?	No
People	
Are there any people especially at risk from fire?	Not Known

## **Fire Prevention**

#### Electrical

Are electrical installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Are fixed installations periodically inspected and tested?

Yes

Are portable electrical appliances used?

No

#### Comments

Documentation regarding the testing and maintenance of fixed electrical installations is held centrally by ISHA. The Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed these are all up to date.

### Gas

Are gas installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Is gas equipment protected/located so as not to be prone to accidental damage?

Yes

#### Comments

Gas meters are located externally and not in any common areas. These are situated in bespoke cabinets however these are damaged and it is advised to repair these to prevent damage to the gas installations.



Gas meter cabinets- require repair

## Heating

Are fixed heating installations free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Are portable heaters used?

No

#### Comments

Wet central heating system only (radiators) provided in common area.



Wet central heating system only provided in common areas.

Does cooking take place on the premises?

## Cooking

Comments	
Cooking takes place within flats only and does not take place in the common p	parts.
Arson	
Is security against arson reasonable?	Yes
Is there a reasonable absence of external fuels and ignition sources?	Yes

#### Comments

The main entrance door was found to be locked and secure, preventing unauthorised access.

No

## Housekeeping

Is accumulation of combustibles or waste avoided?

No

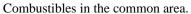
Are there appropriate storage facilities for combustible & hazardous materials?

N/A

#### Comments

There was a significant volume of combustible materials found in the common parts, on all floors which should be removed.







Combustibles in the common area.



Combustibles in the common area.

### **Building Works**

Are there any hot works being carried-out at this time?

No

Are the premises free of any obvious signs of incorrect hot work procedures in the past?

Yes

### **Smoking**

Are there suitable arrangements taken to prevent fires caused by smoking?

No

#### Comments

"No Smoking" signage should be provided in the communal areas.

## Dangerous Substances

Are dangerous substances present, or liable to be present?

No

## Lightning

Is a lightning protection system installed?

No

## **Escape Routes & Fire Spread**

### Ease of Use

Are exits easily and immediately openable?	Yes
Do fire exits open in direction of escape where necessary?	Yes
Are escape routes unobstructed and safe to use?	No
Are there reasonable measures for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

#### Comments

The provision of thumb turn devices on final exits means the doors can be opened without the use of a key.

Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of the public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

### **Dimensions**

Are travel distances reasonable?	Yes
Is there sufficient exit capacity?	Yes

#### Fire Doors

Doors which are expected to be fire resisting:

- Electrical Cupboards
- Flats

Electrical Cupboard Doors

- FD30S

Flat Doors

- Not confirmed

Are fire doors to a suitable standard?

Yes

Is there suitable provision of self-closing devices?

Yes

Is there suitable provision of hold-open devices?

N/A

Are doors kept locked where appropriate?

Yes

#### Comments

It is understood that communal doors are inspected regularly by neighbourhood officers and formally recorded in the quarterly/6 monthly estate inspections with residents. Records are held with the neighbourhood officers. Flat entrance doors are inspected during the annual LGSR visits where the gas engineers record on their PDA if a door closer exists and intumescent strips and cold smoke seals exist.

The flat entrance doors within the building could not be assessed due to access within the scope of this Type 1 Fire Risk Assessment. However from external examination only, the flat entrance doors appear to be flush timber original doors, in good condition and appear to be recently installed. It is reasonable to assume these doors would provide a notional 30 minutes fire resistance. All the flat entrance doors appear to be of the same age, condition and design and were probably all installed at the same time. It is therefore reasonable to assume that they are of the same FD30 (notional) fire resisting standard. The provision and condition of self closing devices, intumescent strips/cold smoke seals, and effective door closing action of these doors however could not be assessed and this should be confirmed ensure all doors afford FD30SC standard of fire resistance.



FED on ground floor



FED on first floor.



FED on third floor

## Construction & Glazing

Are escape routes protected with suitable walls and floors?	Yes
Is there adequate compartmentation?	Yes
Is there reasonable limitation of linings that might promote fire spread?	Yes
Glazing which is expected to be fire resisting, inc vision panels and fanlights:	• None
Is glazing reasonable and free from any obvious defects?	Yes
Dampers, Ducts & Chutes	
Are there suitable measures to restrict fire spread via ducts and concealed spaces?	Yes
Comments	
No Dampers, Ducts or Chutes evident.	
Smoke Ventilation	
Areas where smoke ventilation is expected:	• None
Is smoke ventilation reasonable and free from any obvious defects?	Yes
Comments	

#### Comments

A common fire alarm has been provided indicating a simultaneous evacuation policy is in place.

# **Detection & Warning**

Is an electrical fire alarm system expected?	No	
Why not?	Converted flats of stay-put standard	
Is a fire detection and/or alarm system provided?	Yes	
Areas covered	Communal areas	
Communal Areas		
System Category	• BS 5839 Pt6 Grade D Category L3	
Cause & Effect	Not confirmed	
Control Equipment		
Is the control equipment suitably located?	N/A	
Is the control equipment free from any obvious fault or defect?	N/A	
Manual Fire Alarms		
Are there sufficient means of manually raising an alarm?	N/A	
Are manual callpoints appropriately located and free from obvious defect?	N/A	

#### **Automatic Fire Detection**

Is there sufficient provision of automatic fire detection?

**Minor Defects** 

Is the type of automatic fire detection suitable and free from obvious defect?

Yes

#### Comments

This building was originally a single private dwelling converted at some point, probably before the 1980's, to form separate flats. The building regulation standards in use today were not introduced until 1992, however, some of the principles within the early editions of ADB have been applied and generally the building meets the current guidance with the exception of smoke ventilation within the staircase.

However, a BS5839 Part 6 fire alarm system has been installed, at least in the common parts of the building, which prompts Simultaneous Evacuation rather than the more common approach of Stay Put. It could not be confirmed within the scope of this FRA whether this fire alarm extends into the flats. This Simultaneous Evacuation philosophy is not incorrect, but requires management consideration.

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy.

If this approach is adopted then it is recommended that the fire alarm is upgraded to the LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system recommendations; Three-or four-storey building converted into self-contained flats, which is:

#### A mixed system

- Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and
- Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (non-interlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat

(This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as given in LACoRS)

## Audibility

Are there adequate means of alerting all relevant persons?

**Minor Defects** 

Comments

Please see comments above

# **Firefighting**

## Fire Extinguishers

Are fire extinguishers expected?	No
Why not?	<ul> <li>Not practicable to train residents</li> <li>Fire unlikely in communal areas</li> <li>Vandalism concerns</li> </ul>
Are fire extinguishers provided?	No
Is the provision of fire extinguishers reasonable?	Yes
Fixed Systems	
Are any fixed systems provided?	No
Is provision of fixed systems reasonable?	Yes
Fire Service Facilities	
Are any fire service facilities provided?	No
Is provision of fire service facilities reasonable?	Yes

## Lighting

## Normal Lighting

Is there adequate lighting of internal escape routes?	Yes
Is there adequate lighting of external escape routes?	N/A
Is there adequate lighting in risk critical areas?	N/A
Emergency Lighting	
Method of emergency lighting of internal escape routes:	Maintained emergency lighting (local)
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of external escape routes:	Borrowed light
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of other areas:	Not applicable
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes

#### Comments

Although this inspection took place during daylight hours, given the provision of street lighting in the immediate vicinity and lighting provided by surrounding buildings, it is reasonable to assume there would be sufficient borrowed light to aid escape in these areas.

# **Signs & Notices**

## **Escape Routes**

Is escape route signage necessary?	No
Why not?	<ul><li> Simple escape routes</li><li> Routes in ordinary use</li></ul>
Is escape route signage provided?	No
Is provision of escape route signage suitable?	Yes
Fire Doors	
Is there signage suitable for self-closing fire doors?	N/A
Is there signage suitable for locked fire doors?	Yes
Is there signage suitable for automatic fire doors?	N/A
Other Signs & Notices	
Is there suitable signage for fire service facilities?	N/A
Are fire action notices suitable?	No
Are there suitable notices for fire extinguishers?	N/A
Is there suitable zone information for the fire alarm system?	N/A
Comments	
Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of fire.	

## **Fire Safety Management**

### Procedures & Arrangements

Current evacuation policy	Simultaneous
Are fire action procedures suitable and appropriately documented?	Not Known
Are there suitable arrangements for calling the fire service?	N/A
Is there a suitable fire assembly point?	N/A
Are there suitable arrangements for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

#### Comments

These are general needs flats and as such no specific occupancy risk is identified. Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

### Training & Drills

Are staff regularly on the premises?	No
Are employees from outside organisations given appropriate fire safety information?	No

#### Comments

Fire Action notices provide sufficient information to inform persons from outside organisations of the action to take in the event of a fire alarm actuation or discovering a fire.

### Testing & Maintenance

Was testing & maintenance information available?	No
Are fire extinguishers subject to suitable test & maintenance?	N/A

#### Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

## Record Keeping

Vere fire safety records available?		
	No	0

#### Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

### **Tasks**

#### Task 1

Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Gas

Action Required Gas meters are located externally and not in any common

areas. These are situated in bespoke cabinets however these are damaged and it is advised to repair these to

prevent damage to the gas installations.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Priority Advisory

Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 16 June 2022



#### Task 2

Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Housekeeping

Action Required The storage of combustible items in escape routes should

be prohibited.

There was a significant volume of combustible materials found in the common parts, on all floors which should be

removed.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Priority High

Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 14 September 2020





#### Task 3

Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Smoking

Action Required No Smoking signage should be provided in the communal

areas.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Priority Medium

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 15 December 2020

#### Task 4

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Ease of Use

Action Required Obstructions should be removed from the escape routes in

the following locations:

A large amount of items are located on all floors of the common area, which may present a significant obstruction

to persons escaping in the event of a fire.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Priority High

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 14 September 2020



#### Task 5

Source Version 1

Category Detection & Warning

Sub Category Automatic Fire Detection

Action Required

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy.

If the decision is made to maintain the current simultaneous evacuation policy then it is recommended that the fire alarm is upgraded to the LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system recommendations; Three-or four-storey building converted into self-contained flats, which is:

#### A mixed system

- Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and
- Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (non-interlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat (This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as given in LACoRS)

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Priority Advisory
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 16 June 2022

### Task 6

Source Version 1

Category Signs & Notices

Sub Category Other Signage

Action Required Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take

in the event of fire.

12/10/2023

This task remains outstanding.

Priority Medium

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 15 December 2020

### Risk Score

Risk Score

Moderate Risk

Next Assessment Due

12 October 2024

Likelihood	Potential Consequence		
	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm
High	Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable
Medium	Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial
Low	Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate

#### Likelihood

Low Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Medium Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards

generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in

significant increase in likelihood of fire.

#### Consequence

Slight Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an

occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).

Moderate Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more

occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.

**Extreme** Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.