

Fire Risk Assessment
79 Lofting Road, flats B-H

Version 3

29 August 2023



Review Date: 29 August 2024

Score: Tolerable Risk

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Action Plan Summary

Task No.	Category	Sub Category	Action Required	Priority	Status	Action Taken	Date Completed
1	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Ease of Use	There is a security gate across the entrance door to flat B. Residents should be advised of the dangers of locked security gates in the event of a fire to ensure that they are able to exit quickly in an emergency.	Advisory	Identified		
			29/08/23 This task is still outstanding.				
2	Signs & Notices	Fire Door Signage	Provide Fire Door Keep Locked Shut signs on the following doors:	Low	Identified		
			Riser cupboard door in entrance hallway.				
			29/08/23 This task is still outstanding.				
3	Fire Prevention	Gas	Gas meters are located externally and not in any common areas. The meters are in bespoke cabinets however these are in poor condition leaving the gas installations exposed and it is advised these are repaired.	Advisory	Identified		
			29/08/23 This task is still outstanding.				

4	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Dampers, Ducts and Chutes	There are numerous vents in walls and ceilings which should be confirmed as having some form of intumescent protection so as not to compromise the compartmentation of the building. 29/08/23 This task is still outstanding.	Medium	Identified
5	Signs & Notices	Other Signage	Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of fire.	Medium	Identified
			29/08/23 This task is still outstanding.		

6 Detection & Warning

Automatic Fire Detection

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy.

If the simultaneous evacuation policy is maintained then it is recommended that the fire alarm is upgraded to the LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system recommendations; Three-or four-storey building converted into self-contained flats, which is:

A mixed system

- Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and
- Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (noninterlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat (This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as given in LACoRS)

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Advisory Identified

7 Escape Routes & Fire Doors Fire Spread There are vents on riser fire resisting doors - it should be confirmed these have intumescent protection to maintain the integrity and fire resistance of these doors.

Medium Identified

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Introduction

This report presents the significant findings of a fire risk assessment carried-out at the premises by QFSM Ltd. The scope, format and limitations of the fire risk assessment have been discussed and agreed with the client.

The scope of the assessment does not include individual dwellings. Notwithstanding any statement or recommendation made with respect to smoke/heat alarms within dwellings, it is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

The report includes an action plan which contains recommended tasks, each with a suggested due date. These due dates are only our suggestions, and may or may not be appropriate, depending on individual circumstances such as financial constraints and requirements of enforcing authorities.

The premises risk score was assessed at the time of the fire risk assessment, and a recommended review date has been provided. The actual level of risk may change over time, as a result of tasks being completed, or new risks arising. Regardless of the review date, the fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly so as to keep it up to date and particularly if:

- there is reason to suspect that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid; or
- there has been a significant change in the matters to which the fire risk assessment relates.

If you have any queries please contact QFSM Ltd at office@qfsmltd.co.uk.

Executive Summary

The previous FRA for this building was reviewed prior to this inspection, paying particular attention to any tasks generated by that FRA. During this inspection these tasks were inspected where access was possible, to ascertain if the recommended remedial work had been completed, and comments regarding the progress of any remedial work made accordingly. It was noted that there remains a number of tasks outstanding from the previous FRA which detail recommended remedial work required to ensure the safety of the building and that it is compliant with relative fire safety regulations and guidance. It is imperative that such remedial work is carried out within the recommended time frames given.

Records for the testing and maintenance of fire safety related systems are not kept on site. These are managed centrally and are held at the ISHA Head Office.

This building was originally a single private dwelling converted at some point, probably before the 1980's, to form separate flats. The building regulation standards in use today were not introduced until 1992, however, some of the principles within the early editions of ADB have been applied and generally the building meets the current guidance with the exception of smoke ventilation within the staircase.

However, a BS5839 Part 6 fire alarm system has been installed, at least in the common parts of the building, which prompts Simultaneous Evacuation rather than the more common approach of Stay Put. It could not be confirmed within the scope of this FRA whether this fire alarm extends into the flats. This Simultaneous Evacuation philosophy is not incorrect, but requires management consideration.

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy. If this approach is adopted then it is recommended that a BS5839-6 Category LD1 system is provided within each flat which will enhance the fire safety protection of residents. For clarity this change should also include Part 6 detection within the common areas as per the guidance for this type of premises contained in the LaCORS Guide.

There is a security gate across the entrance door to flat B. Residents should be advised of the dangers of locked security gates in the event of a fire to ensure that they are able to exit quickly in an emergency.

Giving consideration to the general fire safety arrangements within the building, and the tasks recommended as detailed within this report, it is assessed that this building presents a tolerable risk.

This new version was created on 29/08/2023 and is not a review of the fire risk assessment. This is purely an on-site audit carried out at the request of the client to ascertain the progress of any action carried out against previous tasks identified in previous versions of this fire risk assessment.

Premises Details

Client

Address line 1	79 Lofting Road, Flats B-H	
Town	Islington	
Postcode	N1 1JA	
FRA Type	Type 1 - Common parts only (non-destructive)	
Description		
A Type 1 fire risk assessment has been conducted at this building. This means the inspection of the building has been non-destructive. As well as considering the arrangements for means of escape, the fire risk assessment has included, where possible, the examination of a sample of flat entrance doors. It has also considered, so far as reasonably practicable, the separating construction between the flats and the common parts without any intrusive examination of construction. This Type of fire risk assessment has not involved entry to flats beyond the area of the flat entrance door.		

ISHA

Building Information

Use	Converted, self-contained flats
Number of floors - ground and above	3
Number of floors - below ground	0
Number of flats	7
Number of stair cores	1
Approach to flats	 Direct from stair Via protected lobbies / corridors Entrance hallway
Approximate period of construction	Pre 1900
Is the top occupied storey over 18 metres above access level?	No

Construction details

Traditional brick construction with intermediate timber floors and a covered pitched roof. Access to common area via secure door entry system with flats accessed directly from the common area stairwell and lobbies at each floor level. Electric cupboard accessed externally adjacent to main entrance door and riser cupboard within ground floor common area.



Original brick external walls External wall details

Brick external walls on all accessible elevations viewed.

Are there any private balconies?

No

People

Are there any people especially at risk from fire?

Not Known

Fire Prevention

Electrical

Are electrical installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Are fixed installations periodically inspected and tested?

Yes

Are portable electrical appliances used?

No

Comments

Documentation regarding the testing and maintenance of fixed electrical installations is held centrally by ISHA. The Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed these are all up to date.

There are electrical sockets in the common areas, presumably for use by cleaning staff. These were in good condition and showed no evidence of misuse by residents or visitors.



Electrical sockets in the common staircase



Electrical installation last tested in May 2018

Gas

Are gas installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Is gas equipment protected/located so as not to be prone to accidental damage?

Yes

Comments

Gas meters are located externally and not in any common areas. The meters are in bespoke cabinets however these are in poor condition leaving the gas installations exposed and it is advised these are repaired.

Heating	
Are fixed heating installations free from any obvious defect?	N/A
Are portable heaters used?	No
Comments	
There is no heating provision in the common areas.	
Cooking	
Does cooking take place on the premises?	No
Comments	
Cooking takes place within flats only and does not take place in the common part	rts.
Arson	
Is security against arson reasonable?	Yes
Is there a reasonable absence of external fuels and ignition sources?	Yes
Comments	
Access was gained into this building via a secured main entrance door. The masecure, preventing unauthorised access.	ain entrance door was found to be locked and
Housekeeping	
Is accumulation of combustibles or waste avoided?	Yes
Are there appropriate storage facilities for combustible & hazardous materials?	N/A
Comments	
All common areas appeared clean, tidy and free of combustible items.	
Building Works	
Are there any hot works being carried-out at this time?	No
Are the premises free of any obvious signs of incorrect hot work procedures in the past?	Yes

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Are there suitable arrangements taken to prevent fires caused by smoking? Yes Comments "No Smoking" signage is provided, and there is no evidence of smoking taking place in the common parts. Dangerous Substances Are dangerous substances present, or liable to be present? No Lightning

Is a lightning protection system installed?

No

Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Ease of Use

Are exits easily and immediately openable?	Yes
Do fire exits open in direction of escape where necessary?	N/A
Are escape routes unobstructed and safe to use?	Minor Defects
Are there reasonable measures for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

Comments

Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of the public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

The provision of thumb turn devices on final exits means the doors can be opened without the use of a key.

There is a security gate across the entrance door to flat B. Residents should be advised of the dangers of locked security gates in the event of a fire to ensure that they are able to exit quickly in an emergency.



Secured main entrance door can be unlocked without need of a key

Dimensions

Are travel distances reasonable?	Yes
Is there sufficient exit capacity?	Yes

Fire Doors

Doors which are expected to be fire resisting:	FlatsLobbiesRisers
Flat Doors	Not confirmed
Lobby Doors	• FD30S self-closing
Riser Doors	• FD30S
Are fire doors to a suitable standard?	Minor Defects
Is there suitable provision of self-closing devices?	Yes
Is there suitable provision of hold-open devices?	N/A
Are doors kept locked where appropriate?	Yes

Comments

It is understood that communal doors are inspected regularly by neighbourhood officers and formally recorded in the quarterly/6 monthly estate inspections with residents. Records are held with the neighbourhood officers. Flat entrance doors are inspected during the annual LGSR visits where the gas engineers record on their PDA if a door closer exists and intumescent strips and cold smoke seals exist.

The flat entrance doors within the building could not be assessed due to access within the scope of this Type 1 Fire Risk Assessment. However from external examination only, the flat entrance doors appear to be flush timber original doors, in good condition and appear to be recently installed. It is reasonable to assume these doors would provide a notional 30 minutes fire resistance. All the flat entrance doors appear to be of the same age, condition and design and were probably all installed at the same time. It is therefore reasonable to assume that they are of the same FD30 (notional) fire resisting standard. The provision and condition of self closing devices, intumescent strips/cold smoke seals, and effective door closing action of these doors however could not be assessed and this should be confirmed ensure all doors afford FD30SC standard of fire resistance.

There are vents on riser fire resisting doors - it should be confirmed these have intumescent protection to maintain the integrity and fire resistance of these doors.

Lobby doors have been recently upgraded to include vision panels - this was a recommendation of a previous FRA.



Example of lobby doors fitted in the building



Example of FEDs fitted in the building, with external self closing device.

Construction & Glazing

Are escape routes protected with suitable walls and floors?

Yes

Is there adequate compartmentation?

Yes

Is there reasonable limitation of linings that might promote fire spread?

Yes

Glazing which is expected to be fire resisting, inc vision panels and fanlights:

Lobbies

Lobbies

Lobbies

Is glazing reasonable and free from any obvious defects?

Yes



Fire stopping within the gas/water riser cupboard in entrance hallway.



Walls appear in good condition (within the scope of this FRA)

Dampers, Ducts & Chutes

Are there suitable measures to restrict fire spread via ducts and concealed spaces?

Minor Defects

Comments

There are numerous vents in walls and ceilings which should be confirmed as having some form of intumescent protection so as not to compromise the compartmentation of the building.



Vents in ceilings and walls

Smoke Ventilation

Areas where smoke ventilation is expected:	• Staircases
Staircases	Openable Windows
Is smoke ventilation reasonable and free from any obvious defects?	Yes

Comments

A common fire alarm has been provided indicating a simultaneous evacuation policy is in place, however there is an openable roof vent on the 2nd floor.

Detection & Warning

Is an electrical fire alarm system expected?	No	
Why not?	Converted flats of stay-put standard	
Is a fire detection and/or alarm system provided?	Yes	
Areas covered	Communal areas	
Communal Areas		
System Category	• BS 5839 Pt6 Grade D Category L3	
Cause & Effect	Not confirmed	
Control Equipment		
Is the control equipment suitably located?	N/A	
Is the control equipment free from any obvious fault or defect?	N/A	
Manual Fire Alarms		
Are there sufficient means of manually raising an alarm?	N/A	
Are manual callpoints appropriately located and free from obvious defect?	N/A	

Automatic Fire Detection

Is there sufficient provision of automatic fire detection?

Minor Defects

Is the type of automatic fire detection suitable and free from obvious defect?

Yes

Comments

This building was originally a single private dwelling converted at some point, probably before the 1980's, to form separate flats. The building regulation standards in use today were not introduced until 1991, however, some of the principles within the early editions of ADB have been applied and generally the building meets the current guidance with the exception of smoke ventilation within the staircase.

However, a BS5839 Part 6 fire alarm system has been installed, at least in the common parts of the building, which prompts Simultaneous Evacuation rather than the more common approach of Stay Put. It could not be confirmed within the scope of this FRA whether this fire alarm extends into the flats. This Simultaneous Evacuation philosophy is not incorrect, but requires management consideration.

If the common fire alarm system should be considered for replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy.

If this approach is adopted then it is recommended that the fire alarm is upgraded to the LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system recommendations; Three-or four-storey building converted into self-contained flats, which is:

A mixed system

- Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and
- Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (non-interlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat

(This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as given in LACoRS)



Example of the Part 6 alarm provided in common parts.

Audibility

Are there adequate means of alerting all relevant persons?

Minor Defects

Comments

Please see comments in above section regarding the correct provision of common fire alarm if required.

Firefighting

Fire Extinguishers

Are fire extinguishers expected?	No
Why not?	 Not practicable to train residents Fire unlikely in communal areas Vandalism concerns
Are fire extinguishers provided?	No
Is the provision of fire extinguishers reasonable?	Yes
Fixed Systems	
Are any fixed systems provided?	No
Is provision of fixed systems reasonable?	Yes
Fire Service Facilities	
Are any fire service facilities provided?	No
Is provision of fire service facilities reasonable?	Yes

Lighting

Normal Lighting

Is there adequate lighting of internal escape routes?	Yes	
Is there adequate lighting of external escape routes?	N/A	
Is there adequate lighting in risk critical areas?	N/A	
Emergency Lighting		
Method of emergency lighting of internal escape routes:	Maintained emergency lighting (local)	
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes	
Method of emergency lighting of external escape routes:	Borrowed light	
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes	
Method of emergency lighting of other areas:	Not applicable	
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes	

Comments

Although this inspection took place during daylight hours, given the provision of street lighting in the immediate vicinity and lighting provided by surrounding buildings, it is reasonable to assume there would be sufficient borrowed light to aid escape in these areas.



Maintained (local) emergency lighting provided in the staircase.

Signs & Notices

Escape Routes

Is escape route signage necessary?	No
Why not?	 Simple escape routes Routes in ordinary use
Is escape route signage provided?	No
Is provision of escape route signage suitable?	Yes

Fire Doors

Is there signage suitable for self-closing fire doors?	Yes
Is there signage suitable for locked fire doors?	Minor Defects
Is there signage suitable for automatic fire doors?	N/A

Comments

Provide Fire Door Keep Locked Shut signs on the Riser cupboard door in entrance hallway.



"Fire Door Keep Shut" signage on lobby doors

Other Signs & Notices

Is there suitable signage for fire service facilities?	N/A
Are fire action notices suitable?	No
Are there suitable notices for fire extinguishers?	N/A
Is there suitable zone information for the fire alarm system?	N/A

Comments

Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take in the event of fire.

Fire Safety Management

Procedures & Arrangements

Current evacuation policy Simultaneous
--

Further details

Please see comments within the detection and alarm section of this report regarding recommendations around fire alarm provision and the evacuation policy.

Are fire action procedures suitable and appropriately documented?	Not Known
Are there suitable arrangements for calling the fire service?	N/A
Is there a suitable fire assembly point?	N/A
Are there suitable arrangements for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

Comments

These are general needs flats and as such no specific occupancy risk is identified. Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

Training & Drills

Are staff regularly on the premises?	No
Are employees from outside organisations given appropriate fire safety information?	No

Comments

Fire Action notices provide sufficient information to inform persons from outside organisations of the action to take in the event of a fire alarm actuation or discovering a fire.

Testing & Maintenance

Was testing & maintenance information available?	No
Are fire extinguishers subject to suitable test & maintenance?	N/A

Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

Record Keeping

Were fire safety records available?	
	No
	110

Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

Tasks

Task 1

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Ease of Use

Action Required There is a security gate across the entrance door to flat B.

Residents should be advised of the dangers of locked security gates in the event of a fire to ensure that they are

able to exit quickly in an emergency.

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Advisory
Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 16 June 2022

Task 2

Source Version 1

Category Signs & Notices

Sub Category Fire Door Signage

Action Required Provide Fire Door Keep Locked Shut signs on the

following doors:

Riser cupboard door in entrance hallway.

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Low

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 16 June 2021





Task 3

Source Version 1

Category Fire Prevention

Sub Category Gas

Action Required Gas meters are located externally and not in any common

areas. The meters are in bespoke cabinets however these are in poor condition leaving the gas installations exposed

and it is advised these are repaired.

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Advisory
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 16 June 2022



Task 4

Source Version

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Dampers, Ducts and Chutes

Action Required There are numerous vents in walls and ceilings which

should be confirmed as having some form of intumescent protection so as not to compromise the compartmentation

of the building.

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Medium
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 15 December 2020



Task 5

Source Version 1

Category Signs & Notices

Sub Category Other Signage

Action Required Provide fire action notices which confirm the action to take

in the event of fire.

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Medium

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 15 December 2020

Task 6

Source Version 1

Category Detection & Warning

Sub Category Automatic Fire Detection

replacement or significant cost of remedial work there is value in reviewing the evacuation strategy. Following a Type 4 FRA, a decision may be taken to remove the common fire alarm and revert to a Stay Put philosophy.

If the simultaneous evacuation policy is maintained then it is recommended that the fire alarm is upgraded to the

LACoRS Fire detection and alarm system

recommendations; Three-or four-storey building converted

into self-contained flats, which is:

A mixed system

- Grade A: LD2 coverage in the common areas and a heat alarm in each flat in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route (interlinked); and
- Grade D: LD3 coverage in each flat (non-interlinked smoke alarm in the room/lobby opening onto the escape route) to protect the sleeping occupants of the flat (This is subject to the fire separation recommendations as

given in LACoRS)

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Advisory
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 16 June 2022

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Task 7

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Fire Doors

Action Required There are vents on riser fire resisting doors - it should be

confirmed these have intumescent protection to maintain

the integrity and fire resistance of these doors.

29/08/23

This task is still outstanding.

Priority Medium
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 15 December 2020

Risk Score

Risk Score

Tolerable Risk

Next Assessment Due

29 August 2024

Likelihood	Potential Consequence		
	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm
High	Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable
Medium	Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial
Low	Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate

Likelihood

Low Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Medium Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards

generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in

significant increase in likelihood of fire.

Consequence

Slight Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an

occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).

Moderate Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more

occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.

Extreme Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.