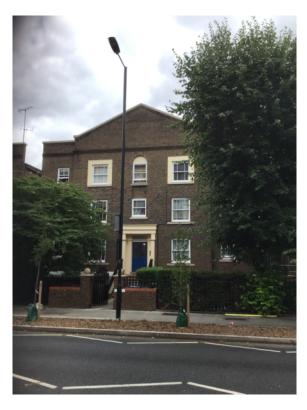


Fire Risk Assessment 224-226 A-H Queensbridge Road

Version 4

15 August 2024



Next Assessment Due: 15 August 2025

Risk Score: Tolerable Risk

Assessor: Jacob Troth

Contents

1 Action Plan Summary	3
2 Introduction	5
3 Executive Summary	6
4 Premises Details	
5 Fire Prevention	9
6 Escape Routes & Fire Spread	12
7 Detection & Warning	16
8 Firefighting	
9 Lighting	19
10 Signs & Notices	20
11 Fire Safety Management	
12 Tasks	
13 Risk Score	26

Action Plan Summary

Task No.	Category	Sub Category	Action Required	Priority	Status	Action Taken	Date Completed
1	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Construction and Glazing	The boarded covers of risers at each floor level should be made-up to provide 30 minutes of fire resistance. Those currently in place, have gaps and in many cases not secured. These should provide a FR30S standard of fire resistance. VERSION 2: It was noted that this task has not been completed. Version 4, 15/08/2024 This task remains outstanding. Image provided from ground floor outside Flat D.	Low	Identified		
2	Fire Management	Training & Drills	It should be ensured that employees from outside organisations are given information on the action to take in the event of fire. Version 4, 15/08/2024 This task remains outstanding.	Medium	Identified		

3	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Ease of Use	Some wiring within common parts are suspended in uPVC conduit. A requirement introduced in 2015 in BS 7671 which covers electrical installations in the UK, states that all new wiring systems to use metal, rather than plastic, to support cables in escape routes, to prevent their premature collapse in the event of a fire. Version 4, 15/08/2024 This task remains outstanding.	Advisory	Identified
4	Escape Routes & Fire Spread	Fire Doors	Replace the intumescent strips with combined intumescent strips and smoke seals on the following doors: Entrance door to flat C and H. It may be reasonably assumed this is the case for the remainder of flat entrance doors. Version 4, 15/08/2024 This task remains outstanding. Gained entrance to flats D and F. Combined seals were not present. Flat C appeared to have a smoke seal on leading edge of door, but other seals appeared to have been removed. Entrance could not be gained to Flat C. It appears flats still do not have smoke seals.	Low	Identified

Introduction

This report presents the findings of a fire risk assessment carried-out at the premises by QFSM Ltd. The scope, format and limitations of the fire risk assessment have been discussed and agreed with the client.

The scope of the assessment does not include individual dwellings. Notwithstanding any statement or recommendation made with respect to smoke/heat alarms within dwellings, it is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

The report includes an action plan which contains recommended tasks, each with a suggested due date. These due dates are only our suggestions, and may or may not be appropriate, depending on individual circumstances such as financial constraints and requirements of enforcing authorities.

The premises risk score was assessed at the time of the fire risk assessment, and a recommended review date has been provided. The actual level of risk may change over time, as a result of tasks being completed, or new risks arising. Regardless of the review date, the fire risk assessment should be reviewed regularly so as to keep it up to date and particularly if:

- there is reason to suspect that the fire risk assessment is no longer valid; or
- there has been a significant change in the matters to which the fire risk assessment relates.

If you have any queries please contact QFSM Ltd at office@qfsmltd.co.uk.

Executive Summary

Records for the testing and maintenance of fire safety related systems are not kept on site. These are managed centrally and are held at the ISHA Head Office.

The wall, floors and stairs in the common areas are of masonry/concrete construction.

Version 4, 15/08/2024:

The previous FRA for this building was reviewed prior to this inspection, paying particular attention to any tasks generated by that FRA. During this inspection these tasks were inspected where access was possible, to ascertain if the recommended remedial work had been completed, and comments regarding the progress of any remedial work made accordingly. It was noted that there remains a number of tasks outstanding from the previous FRA which detail recommended remedial work required to ensure the safety of the building and that it is compliant with relative fire safety regulations and guidance. It is imperative that such remedial work is carried out within the recommended time frames given.

This new version was created on 15/08/2024 and is not a review of the fire risk assessment. This is purely an on-site audit carried out at the request of the client to ascertain the progress of any action carried out against previous tasks identified in previous versions of this fire risk assessment.

The boarded covers of risers at each floor level should be made-up to provide 30 minutes of fire resistance. Those currently in place, have gaps and in many cases not secured. These should provide a FR30S standard of fire resistance.

It should be ensured that employees from outside organisations are given information on the action to take in the event of fire.

Some wiring within common parts are suspended in uPVC conduit.

Giving consideration to the general fire safety arrangements within the building, and the tasks recommended as detailed within this report, it is assessed that this building presents a tolerable risk, given the number of outstanding tasks.

Premises Details

Address line 1	224-226 A-H Queensbridge Road
Town	Hackney
Postcode	E8 3NB
FRA Type	Type 1 - Common parts only (non-destructive)
Description	

Description

Client

A Type 1 fire risk assessment has been conducted at this building. This means the inspection of the building has been non-destructive. As well as considering the arrangements for means of escape, the fire risk assessment has included, where possible, the examination of a sample of flat entrance doors. It has also considered, so far as reasonably practicable, the separating construction between the flats and the common parts without any intrusive examination of construction. This Type of fire risk assessment has not involved entry to flats beyond the area of the flat entrance door.

Building Information	
Use	Purpose-built, self-contained flats
Number of floors - ground and above	3
Number of floors - below ground	1
Number of flats	8
Number of stair cores	1
Approach to flats	 Via protected lobbies / corridors Entrance hallway

ISHA

Approximate period of construction	1960-1980
Is the top occupied storey over 18 metres above access level?	No

Construction details

Masonry construction with solid concrete intermediate floors and stairs, masonry internal walls and a pitched roof.

Access to common areas is via a secure entrance controlled by an intercom system providing access to an entrance lobby containing flats C and D and providing further access to the common stairwell.

Flats A and B are accessed within a lobby at basement level, flats E and F within a lobby at first floor level and flats G and H within a lobby at second floor level. An intake cupboard is accessed beneath the common stairwell at basement level. Fire exits are provided to the front and rear of the building.

Attention is drawn to the Ministry of Housing, Communities & Local Government Consolidated Advice Note for building owners of multi-storey, multi-occupied residential buildings, dated January 2020. The Advice Note recommends that building owners should consider the risk of external fire spread as part of the fire risk assessment for multi-occupied residential buildings. Consideration has been given to this matter within this fire risk assessment. The Advice Note further recommends the assessment of the fire risks of any external wall system, irrespective of the height of the building.



External walls - front elevation

Are there any people especially at risk from fire?	Not Known
People	
Are there any private balconies?	No
Brick external walls with no external wall systems installed.	
External wall details	

Fire Prevention

Electrical

Are electrical installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

Yes

Are fixed installations periodically inspected and tested?

Yes

Are portable electrical appliances used?

No

Comments

Documentation regarding the testing and maintenance of fixed electrical installations is held centrally by ISHA. The Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed these are all up to date.

There are electrical sockets in the common areas, presumably for use by cleaning staff. These were in good condition and showed no evidence of misuse by residents or visitors.



Electrical socket provided in common staircase.

Gas

Are gas installations and appliances free from any obvious defect?

N/A

Is gas equipment protected/located so as not to be prone to accidental damage?

N/A

Comments

There is no gas provision or equipment in the common areas.

Heating	
Are fixed heating installations free from any obvious defect?	N/A
Are portable heaters used?	No
Comments	
There is no heating provision in the common areas.	
Cooking	
Does cooking take place on the premises?	No
Comments	
Cooking takes place within flats only and does not take place in the common par	ts.
Arson	
Is security against arson reasonable?	Yes
Is there a reasonable absence of external fuels and ignition sources?	Yes
Comments	
Access was gained into this building via a secured main entrance door. The masecure, preventing unauthorised access.	in entrance door was found to be locked and
Areas immediately around the external curtilage of the building were noted as be	eing clear of combustibles and rubbish.
Housekeeping	
Is accumulation of combustibles or waste avoided?	No
Are there appropriate storage facilities for combustible & hazardous materials?	N/A
Comments	
The storage of combustible items in electrical cupboards should be prohibited.	

Building Works Are there any hot works being carried-out at this time? No Are the premises free of any obvious signs of incorrect hot work procedures in Yes the past? **Smoking** Are there suitable arrangements taken to prevent fires caused by smoking? Yes Comments "No Smoking" signage is provided, and there is no evidence of smoking taking place in the common parts. **Dangerous Substances** Are dangerous substances present, or liable to be present? No Lightning Is a lightning protection system installed? Not Known Comments

There is no lightning protection visible, However, if there is lightening protection in place it should be periodically inspected

Other Fire Hazards

by a competent person, to the frequency recommended in BS EN 62305.

Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Ease of Use

Are exits easily and immediately openable?	Yes
Do fire exits open in direction of escape where necessary?	N/A
Are escape routes unobstructed and safe to use?	Minor Defects
Are there reasonable measures for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

Comments

Some wiring within common parts are suspended in uPVC conduit. A requirement introduced in 2015 in BS 7671 which covers electrical installations in the UK, states that all new wiring systems to use metal, rather than plastic, to support cables in escape routes, to prevent their premature collapse in the event of a fire.

Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of the public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

Dimensions

Are travel distances reasonable?	Yes
Is there sufficient exit capacity?	Yes

Fire Doors

Doors which are expected to be fire resisting:	 Electrical Cupboards Flats Lobbies Staircases
Electrical Cupboard Doors	• FD30 (notional)
Flat Doors	• FD30 self-closing (notional)
Lobby Doors	• FD30 self-closing (notional)
Staircase Doors	• FD30 self-closing (notional)
Are fire doors to a suitable standard?	No
Is there suitable provision of self-closing devices?	Yes
Is there suitable provision of hold-open devices?	N/A
Are doors kept locked where appropriate?	Yes

Comments

It is understood that communal doors are inspected regularly by neighbourhood officers and formally recorded in the quarterly/6 monthly estate inspections with residents. Records are held with the neighbourhood officers. Flat entrance doors are inspected during the annual LGSR visits where the gas engineers record on their PDA if a door closer exists and intumescent strips and cold smoke seals exist.

Replace the intumescent strips with combined intumescent strips and smoke seals on the following doors:

- Staircase door ground floor
- Lobby doors
- The electrical cupboard door.

These doors have 25mm door stops fitted so this task has been afforded a low priority.

As part of this Fire Risk Assessment, access was gained into sample flats to assess the suitability of flat entrance doors, and any internal doors which open onto the entrance hallway. Access was gained into flats C and H which have an entrance doors fitted to an FD30 SC standard. Neither of these doors have smoke seals fitted.

Fire Risk Assessment 224-226 A-H Queensbridge Road Version 4 The remainder of flat front doors within the building could not be assessed due to access. However, these all appear to be of the same age, condition and design of those which were accessed and were probably all installed at the same time. It is therefore reasonable to assume that they are of the same fire resisting standard.

The provision and condition of self closing devices, intumescent strips/cold smoke seals, and effective door closing action of these doors however could not be assessed and this should be confirmed ensure all doors afford FD30S SC standard of fire resistance.

VERSION 2: Attempts were made at each flat to gain access to assess the provision and suitability of fire resisting flat entrance doors, however this was not possible. following external examination only, it is reasonable to assume that fk,at entrance doors in the building are of the same standard as noted in the previous FRA.

Construction & Glazing

Are escape routes protected with suitable walls and floors? Yes Is there adequate compartmentation? **Minor Defects** Is there reasonable limitation of linings that might promote fire spread? Yes Glazing which is expected to be fire resisting, inc vision panels and fanlights: Flats Lobbies Staircases Flats Glazing · Georgian wired Lobby Glazing · Georgian wired Staircase Glazing · Georgian wired Is glazing reasonable and free from any obvious defects? Yes



Georgian wired glazing

Dampers, Ducts & Chutes

Are there suitable measures to restrict fire spread via ducts and concealed spaces?

Comments

No Dampers, Ducts or Chutes evident.

Smoke Ventilation

Areas where smoke ventilation is expected:

• Staircases

Staircases

• Openable Windows

Is smoke ventilation reasonable and free from any obvious defects?

Comments

The staircase windows have been painted shut. At present, the provided fire alarm is not of a sufficient standard and coverage to fully support a simultaneous evacuation strategy - so whilst it is acknowledged that ventilation of the staircase would not normally be required with such a policy in place, it is recommended to maintain a means of evacuating the staircase should the fire service require it in the event of a fire i.e in the event that not all persons had evacuated due to the fire alarm not being interlinked.

Detection & Warning

Is an electrical fire alarm system expected?	No
Why not?	Purpose-built flats
Is a fire detection and/or alarm system provided?	Yes
Areas covered	Communal areas
Communal Areas	
System Category	• BS 5839 Pt6 Grade D Category L3
Cause & Effect	• Not confirmed
Control Equipment	
Is the control equipment suitably located?	N/A
Is the control equipment free from any obvious fault or defect?	N/A
Manual Fire Alarms	
Are there sufficient means of manually raising an alarm?	N/A
Are manual callpoints appropriately located and free from obvious defect?	N/A

Automatic Fire Detection

Comments

There is a BS5839-6 fire alarm provided in the common parts of this building.

This may been provided due to concerns over compartmentation within the building. No documentation regarding the cause and effect of the system was available and it cannot be confirmed whether the fire alarm in the common areas is interlinked to those installed within flats. The provision of a common fire alarm system contradicts National Guidance for a building of this type (general needs, purpose built, self contained flats). A letter dated 6th January 2020 from QFSM Ltd to ISHA regarding the provision of fire alarms in common parts of blocks of flats offers guidance and recommendations on this matter and this letter should be referred to when considering whether this is a necessary provision, or if it is considered a necessary provision whether this fire alarm is of the Standard required.

It was not possible to access any flat to assess the provision or suitability of any provided fire alarm. It is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

As part of this Type 3 Fire Risk Assessment access was gained into a sample flat to assess the provision and suitability of fire alarms. Access was gained into flat B which has a fire alarm provided to BS5839-6 LD2 standard. It is always recommended as best practice to ensure that working smoke alarms are provided in all dwellings at least to a BS 5839-6 Category LD3 standard. These should ideally be Grade D alarms (mains powered with integral battery back-up), although Grade F alarms (battery powered only) are a reasonable short term measure.

Audibility

See task and comments above.

Are there adequate means of alerting all relevant persons?

No

Comments

Firefighting

Fire Extinguishers

Are fire extinguishers expected?	No	
Why not?	Not practicable to train residentsFire unlikely in communal areasVandalism concerns	
Are fire extinguishers provided?	No	
Is the provision of fire extinguishers reasonable?	Yes	
Fixed Systems		
Are any fixed systems provided?	No	
Is provision of fixed systems reasonable?	Yes	
Fire Service Facilities		
Are any fire service facilities provided?	No	
Is provision of fire service facilities reasonable?	Yes	

Lighting

Normal Lighting

Is there adequate lighting of internal escape routes?	Yes
Is there adequate lighting of external escape routes?	Yes
Is there adequate lighting in risk critical areas?	N/A
Emergency Lighting	
Method of emergency lighting of internal escape routes:	Maintained emergency lighting (local)
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of external escape routes:	Borrowed light
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes
Method of emergency lighting of other areas:	Not applicable
Is this provision reasonable?	Yes

Comments

Although this inspection took place during daylight hours, given the provision of street lighting in the immediate vicinity and lighting provided by surrounding buildings, it is reasonable to assume there would be sufficient borrowed light to aid escape in these areas.

Signs & Notices

Escape Routes

Is escape route signage necessary?	No
Why not?	 Simple escape routes Routes in ordinary use
Is escape route signage provided?	Yes
Is provision of escape route signage suitable?	Yes
Fire Doors	
Is there signage suitable for self-closing fire doors?	Minor Defects
Is there signage suitable for locked fire doors?	Yes
Is there signage suitable for automatic fire doors?	N/A
Comments	
Provide Fire Door Keep Closed signs on the Lower ground floor lobby door.	

Other Signs & Notices

Is there suitable signage for fire service facilities?	N/A
Are fire action notices suitable?	No
Are there suitable notices for fire extinguishers?	N/A
Is there suitable zone information for the fire alarm system?	N/A

Comments

The presence of a common fire alarm suggests a simultaneous evacuation policy is in place. However the Fire Action Notice provided is that for a stay put policy which may cause confusion to residents in the event of a fire or fire alarm actuation.



The provided Fire Action Notice

Fire Safety Management

Procedures & Arrangements

Current evacuation policy	Simultaneous

Further details

The presence of a common fire alarm suggests a simultaneous evacuation policy is in place, contradicting national guidance for a building of this type. Please see comments and tasks generated within the Detection and Warning section of this report regarding this matter.

Are fire action procedures suitable and appropriately documented?	Not Known
Are there suitable arrangements for calling the fire service?	N/A
Is there a suitable fire assembly point?	N/A
Are there suitable arrangements for the evacuation of disabled people?	Yes

Comments

These are general needs flats and as such no specific occupancy risk is identified. Tenants are presumed to be a typical cross section of public and could include visitors and contractors. It is assumed that all occupants and visitors are capable of using the means of escape unaided to reach a place of ultimate safety.

Training & Drills

Are staff regularly on the premises?	No
Are employees from outside organisations given appropriate fire safety information?	No

Comments

Fire Action notices provide sufficient information to inform persons from outside organisations of the action to take in the event of a fire alarm actuation or discovering a fire.

Please see comments in signs and notices, and within the detection and warning section of this report regarding this matter.

Testing & Maintenance

Was testing & maintenance information available?

No

Are fire extinguishers subject to suitable test & maintenance?

Yes

Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

Record Keeping

Were fire safety records available?	
	No

Comments

Fire Safety documentation for the testing and maintenance of fire safety systems is held centrally at the ISHA Head Office. The ISHA Neighbourhood Officer has confirmed that these are up to date.

Tasks

Task 1

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Construction and Glazing

Action Required The boarded covers of risers at each floor level should be

made-up to provide 30 minutes of fire resistance. Those currently in place, have gaps and in many cases not secured. These should provide a FR30S standard of fire

resistance.

VERSION 2: It was noted that this task has not been

completed.

Version 4, 15/08/2024

This task remains outstanding. Image provided from

ground floor outside Flat D.

Priority Low

Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 28 July 2021



Source Version 1

Category Fire Management

Sub Category Training & Drills

Action Required It should be ensured that employees from outside

organisations are given information on the action to take in

the event of fire.

Version 4, 15/08/2024

This task remains outstanding.

Priority Medium

Status Identified

Owner Neighbourhood Services

Due Date 26 January 2021



Task 3

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Ease of Use

Action Required Some wiring within common parts are suspended in uPVC

conduit. A requirement introduced in 2015 in BS 7671 which covers electrical installations in the UK, states that all new wiring systems to use metal, rather than plastic, to support cables in escape routes, to prevent their premature

collapse in the event of a fire.

Version 4, 15/08/2024

This task remains outstanding.

Priority Advisory
Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 28 July 2022





Task 4

Source Version 1

Category Escape Routes & Fire Spread

Sub Category Fire Doors

Action Required Replace the intumescent strips with combined intumescent

strips and smoke seals on the following doors:

Entrance door to flat C and H. It may be reasonably assumed this is the case for the remainder of flat entrance

doors.

Version 4, 15/08/2024

This task remains outstanding. Gained entrance to flats D and F. Combined seals were not present. Flat C appeared to have a smoke seal on leading edge of door, but other seals appeared to have been removed. Entrance could not be gained to Flat C. It appears flats still do not have smoke

seals.

Priority Low

Status Identified

Owner Customer Homes

Due Date 28 July 2021





Risk Score

Risk Score

Tolerable Risk

Next Assessment Due

15 August 2025

Likelihood	Potential Consequence		
	Slight Harm	Moderate Harm	Extreme Harm
High	Moderate	Substantial	Intolerable
Medium	Tolerable	Moderate	Substantial
Low	Trivial	Tolerable	Moderate

Likelihood

Low Unusually low likelihood of fire as a result of negligible potential sources of ignition.

Medium Normal fire hazards (e.g. potential ignition sources) for this type of occupancy, with fire hazards

generally subject to appropriate controls (other than minor shortcomings).

High Lack of adequate controls applied to one or more significant fire hazards, such as to result in

significant increase in likelihood of fire.

Consequence

Slight Outbreak of fire unlikely to result in serious injury or death of any occupant (other than an

occupant sleeping in a room in which a fire occurs).

Moderate Outbreak of fire could foreseeably result in injury (including serious injury) of one or more

occupants, but it is unlikely to involve multiple fatalities.

Extreme Significant potential for serious injury or death of one or more occupants.